２０２５年度

≪第１回グローバルリーダー特進クラス選抜入試≫

英　語

時間５０分，１００点満点

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問題は次のページから始まります。

【１】<Listening Section>

これから、ケンジ(Kenji)とジョン(John)の英語での会話が流れます。２人の会話を聞いて、それに対する質問の答えとして最も適切なものを以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。英文に対する解答時間は１分です。

Question1-3

1. What kind of festival is held in Kiyose every year?

    A. A fireworks festival.

    B. A sunflower festival.

    C. A dance festival.

    D. A bonsai festival.

2. How tall was the tallest sunflower at the festival last year?

    A. Less than 1 meter tall.

    B. More than 1 meter tall.

    C. More than 2 meters tall.

    D. Less than 2 meters tall.

3. Do you need to bring your own lunch to the festival?

    A. Yes, because there are no restaurants near the train station.

    B. Yes, because all the restaurants in the town are closed on the festival days.

    C. No, because there are many restaurants near the station where you can have lunch.

    D. No, because you can buy lunch at the food shops near the sunflower fields.

これから、英語のニュースが 2 つ流れます。それぞれのニュースを聞いて、その内容に関する質問の答えとして最も適切なものを以下の A～D の中から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。各英文に対する解答時間はそれぞれ 1 分です。

<News①>

Question4-6

4. Which area has more people every year?

    A. East Asia.

    B. Africa.

    C. Europe.

    D. North America.

5. Why are the populations of Japan, China and South Korea getting smaller?

    A. There are too many people in these countries and there is no space for more families.

    B. It is expensive to have a family in these countries.

    C. These countries only take care of the elderly and don't care about children.

    D. Many people are leaving these countries to live in Europe and the United States.

6. What should East Asian countries do about their problem?

    A. Encourage people from other countries to live there.

    B. Encourage companies to lower prices.

    C. Encourage young people to have children.

    D. Encourage the government to stop counting the number of people in each country.

<News②>

Question7-10

7. What has happened in Japan recently?

    A. Foreign tourists have stopped visiting Japan.

    B. The number of foreign visitors has increased.

    C. The yen has become stronger.

    D. Japan's tourist sites have become less crowded.

8. How many people visited Japan last year and where did they go?

    A. Three thousand people visited cities in Japan last year.

    B. Three million people visited shrines in Japan last year.

    C. Three million people visited cities and towns in Japan last year.

    D. Three hundred thousand people visited temples in Japan last year.

9. Which of these is not a reason why foreign tourists visit Japan?

    A. They are interested in Japanese Yen.

    B. They are interested in anime.

    C. They want to learn about Japanese traditional culture.

    D. They are interested in Japanese video games.

10. What problem are people in Japan worried about?

    A. The number of visitors is less than three million a month.

    B. Shrines and temples are becoming too old.

    C. Foreign visitors are spending too much money.

    D. Tourist sites are becoming too crowded.

【2】<Vocabulary and Grammar Section>

（Part 1）次の各文において文法的な誤りを含むものを以下の A〜D の中から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

1. The last time I saw my uncle, he was going for to the golf course.

    A. last time

    B. saw my uncle

    C. going for

    D. to the golf course

2. I didn't eat breakfast this morning, so I stopped at the convenience store to got some rice balls.

    A. eat breakfast

    B. stopped

    C. at the convenience store

    D. got some rice balls

3. I don't like math but my father tells me that I have to read a my math textbook for one hour.

    A. like math

    B. tells me that

    C. read a my math textbook

    D. for one hour

4. I cleaned up my room today, but it wasn't no clean enough to make my mother happy.

    A. cleaned up my room

    B. no clean

    C. enough to

    D. make my mother happy

5. I couldn't go to the supermarket because it isn't open every days.

    A. I couldn't

    B. go to the supermarket

    C. because it isn't

    D. every days

（Part 2）次の英文の（　　）内に入れるのに適切な語（句）を以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

6. My brother didn't clean his room at all this week. My father says he is getting（　　）every year.
    A. more intelligent
    B. lazier
    C. taller
    D. funnier

7. Some day, I want to visit Nepal so that I can（　　）to speak the Nepali language.
    A. learn
    B. stop
    C. long
    D. lose

8. I（　　）to study English in the summer vacation but my friends told me to study science instead.
    A. shouted
    B. decided
    C. jumped
    D. painted

9. When I found my cat, she was（　　）in an old basket near the kitchen door.
    A. drawing
    B. hoping
    C. swimming
    D. hiding

10. Takeshi was happy last night. He（　　）to solve some difficult math questions and got them all right.
    A. laughed
    B. tried
    C. ate
    D. failed

11. The store owner was angry today. He doesn't want high school students to (　　　) outside his door.

　A. stand for

　B. stand on

　C. stand off

　D. stand around

12. Last week we sold 1,000 plates of *yakisoba* at the school festival. Now we are (　　　) a plan to sell even more at next year's festival.

　A. remake

　B. make

　C. made

　D. making

13. Tokyo is a very big city. (　　　), it has the largest population in Japan.

　A. In factory

　B. In facts

　C. In fact

　D. In false

14. I haven't met Taro yet. Is it true that he is (　　　) than any other student in your class?

　A. more convenient

　B. friendlier

　C. more hardly

　D. further

15. I forgot to make lunch today so I'll have to buy some (　　　) school.

　A. at

　B. of

　C. with

　D. from

【３】<Reading Section>

(Part 1) 次の文章を読んで後の問に答えなさい。

Helping Schools in Kenya

Education is one of the most important gifts that any country can give to its children. In some (16), especially rich nations, children can go to school for up to twelve years. But in poorer countries, going to school can be a challenge.

In Kenya, a country in east Africa, there is a big difference between the (17) experiences that the boys and girls have at elementary school. All children in that country should go to school, but only 67% of girls finish elementary school. This is because their families don't have enough money to pay for their education. Many of these girls have to stay at home or help their families to grow vegetables and take care of farm animals instead of (18).

The government of Kenya is trying to encourage girls to finish their education so that they can get good jobs and earn more (19). Girls who don't finish school have fewer chances in life than those who do. For example, girls who finish high school can earn twice as much money as girls who only have elementary school education, and those who go to university can make even more when they grow up to be women. They can use the money they earn to take care of their families and make sure that their own children have a good education one day.

Another problem with education in Kenya is that most teachers are men. Only 20% of elementary school teachers in the whole country are women, and this means that girls don't have good (20) role models to motivate them to study hard. A role model is an adult whom you respect and want to be like in the future. It's important for girls to have more female teachers so that they feel motivated to do their best at school.

The government of Kenya is planning to increase the number of female teachers in schools and support girls to make sure that they finish their education.

16. 本文中の空所(16)に入れるのに適切な語を以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   A. cars
   B. enemies
   C. countries
   D. towns

17. 本文中の下線部(17)の語 "experiences"と最も意味の近いものを以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   A. homes
   B. tastes
   C. memories
   D. encounters

18. 本文中の空所(18)に入れるのに適切な語を以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   A. teaching
   B. studying
   C. talking
   D. saving

19. 本文中の空所(19)に入れるのに適切な語を以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   A. money
   B. time
   C. respect
   D. candies

20. 本文中の下線部(20)の語句"role models"とは、本文中でどのように説明されているか。日本語で答えなさい。

21. 筆者の主張として最も適切なものを以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
   A. Girls who have female teachers find it easier to study.
   B. There are not enough good schools in east Africa.
   C. The government of Kenya wants to make education better for girls so that they can have a happy future.
   D. In Kenya, there are no problems with education.

(Part 2) 次の文章を読んで後の問に答えなさい。

Working Together to Fight Influenza

　　Almost one billion people get sick from influenza every year. The illness causes headaches, a sore throat, tiredness, and many pains in our bodies. It can also make some people, especially older people, so sick that they need to go to hospital. Recently, many countries have decided to work together to fight influenza.

　　(22)At a conference in Hainan, China, scientists from many countries met to discuss the problems caused by influenza and how countries around the (　23　) should deal with the illness. The experts agreed that we should use data to check the number of people who catch influenza and also teach people about the disease and how to avoid catching it.

　　In some countries, doctors and hospitals keep details about patients with influenza and share this data with the government. Scientists can make a digital map of a city or a whole country that shows how many people have influenza and which places have the biggest number of sick people. (　24　) in these areas can get extra help from the government so that their patients get better soon. If all countries used this system, fewer people would get very sick from influenza.

　　Education is very important when it comes to preventing diseases like influenza and COVID-19. The government is trying to find a way to teach more people, especially children, about influenza and how to avoid catching it. Washing your hands often, wearing a mask when you are sick, and getting an influenza vaccine every year are three simple ways that can help many people to stay healthy.

22. 本文中の下線部(22) "At a conference in Hainan, China"について、この会合で専門家たちが合意した内容を表す文になるように、次の空所(　①　)と(　②　)にそれぞれ適切な日本語を書きなさい。

専門家たちは(　　　　①　　　　)ためにデータを使用すべきだということ、そして人々にインフルエンザという病気と(　　　②　　　　)について教えるべきだということに合意した。

23. 本文中の空所(　23　)に入れるのに適切な語を以下の A〜D の中から１つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  A. place
  B. town
  C. world
  D. universe

24. 本文中の空所(24)に入れるのに適切な語を以下の A～D の中から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
　A. Cars
　B. Hospitals
　C. Hotels
　D. Restaurants

25. 以下は本文の内容に関する質問である。この質問に対する応答として適切なものを以下の A～D の中から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
　(質問) According to the text, what happens if doctors keep details about patients with influenza and share them with the government?

　　A. The patients will suffer from headaches and body pains.
　　B. Scientists can make a digital influenza map and help patients to get better.
　　C. More people will learn how to avoid getting sick.
　　D. Influenza will become worse next year.

26. 本文中で紹介されているインフルエンザを予防するために人々ができる有効な方法として誤っているものを以下の A～D の中から 2 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
　A. Sharing data about influenza with the government.
　B. Wearing a mask when you are sick.
　C. Washing your hands regularly.
　D. Visiting the hospital every day in winter for an influenza test.

27. 筆者の主張として最も適切なものを以下の A～D の中から 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
　A. Influenza causes people to have headaches and muscle pains and some people go to the hospital when they catch it.
　B. Countries around the world must work together to prevent the spread of influenza by studying data and teaching people how to avoid the disease.
　C. Sharing data is not a very important thing for governments, hospitals, and people in all countries.
　D. Influenza is getting worse in many countries everywhere and global warming is the main reason.

（問題は以上です）

受験番号		氏 名	

合 計

英語解答用紙

【1】
〈Listening Section〉

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6		7		8		9		10	

小計 _____

【2】
〈Vocabulary and Grammar Section〉

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【3】
〈Reading Section〉
〈Part1〉

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小計 _____

〈Part2〉

22	①	
	②	

23		24		25		26		

27	

小計 _____